

The fund offers its shares only to separate accounts of insurance companies that offer variable annuity and variable life insurance products. The fund may not be available in your state due to various insurance regulations. Please check with your insurance company for availability. If the fund in this prospectus is not available in your state, this prospectus is not to be considered a solicitation. Please read this prospectus together with your variable annuity or variable life insurance product prospectus.

Fidelity[®] Variable Insurance Products

Initial Class, Service Class, and Service Class 2

Index 500 Portfolio

Prospectus

April 30, 2009

Like securities of all mutual funds, these securities have not been approved or disapproved by the Securities and Exchange Commission, and the Securities and Exchange Commission has not determined if this prospectus is accurate or complete. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offense.



82 Devonshire Street, Boston, MA 02109

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Fund Summary

Investment Summary

Investment Objective

VIP Index 500 Portfolio seeks investment results that correspond to the total return of common stocks publicly traded in the United States, as represented by the Standard & Poor's 500SM Index (S&P 500[®]).

Principal Investment Strategies

- Normally investing at least 80% of assets in common stocks included in the S&P 500.
- Lending securities to earn income for the fund.

Principal Investment Risks

- **Stock Market Volatility.** Stock markets are volatile and can decline significantly in response to adverse issuer, political, regulatory, market, or economic developments. Different parts of the market can react differently to these developments.
- **Issuer-Specific Changes.** The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than, and can perform differently from, the market as a whole.

Year-by-Year Returns



During the periods shown in the chart for Initial Class of VIP Index 500:

Highest Quarter Return
 Lowest Quarter Return
 Year-to-Date Return

Returns
 15.38%
 -21.91%
 -10.96%

Quarter ended
 June 30, 2003
 December 31, 2008
 March 31, 2009

Average Annual Returns

For the periods ended
 December 31, 2008

VIP Index 500

Initial Class

Service Class

Service Class 2

S&P 500 Index

LipperSM Variable Annuity S&P 500 Index Objective Funds Average

	Past 1 year	Past 5 years	Past 10 years/Life of class
Initial Class	-37.00%	-2.27%	-1.55%
Service Class	-37.07%	-2.37%	-4.18% ^A
Service Class 2	-37.16%	-2.52%	-3.72% ^B
S&P 500 Index	-37.00%	-2.19%	-1.38%
Lipper SM Variable Annuity S&P 500 Index Objective Funds Average	-37.20%	-2.54%	-1.73%

^A From July 7, 2000.

^B From January 12, 2000.

When a shareholder sells shares they may be worth more or less than what the shareholder paid for them, which means that the shareholder could lose money.

Performance

The following information is intended to help you understand the risks of investing in the fund. The information illustrates the changes in the fund's performance from year to year, as represented by the performance of Initial Class, and compares each class's performance to the performance of a market index and an average of the performance of similar funds over various periods of time. Returns for each class of the fund do not include the effect of any sales charges or other expenses of any variable annuity or variable life insurance product. Returns for each class of the fund would be lower if the effect of those sales charges and expenses were included. Returns are based on past results and are not an indication of future performance.

Fund Summary – continued

Standard & Poor's 500 Index (S&P 500) is a market capitalization-weighted index of 500 common stocks chosen for market size, liquidity, and industry group representation to represent U.S. equity performance.

The Lipper Funds Average reflects the performance (excluding sales charges) of mutual funds with similar objectives.

Fee Table

The following table describes the fees and expenses that may be incurred, directly or indirectly, when a variable product owner

Fees (paid by the variable product owner directly)

Sales charge (load) on purchases and reinvested distributions
Deferred sales charge (load) on redemptions

Initial Class	Service Class	Service Class 2
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Annual operating expenses (paid from class assets)

Management fee
Distribution and/or Service (12b-1) fees
Other expenses
Total annual class operating expenses

Initial Class	Service Class	Service Class 2
0.10%	0.10%	0.10%
None	0.10%	0.25%
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
0.10%	0.20%	0.35%

This **example** helps compare the cost of investing in the fund with the cost of investing in other mutual funds.

Let's say, hypothetically, that each class's annual return is 5% and that the fees and each class's annual operating expenses are exactly as described in the fee table. This example illustrates the effect of fees and expenses, but is not meant to suggest actual or expected fees and expenses or returns, all of which may vary. This

buys, holds, or redeems interests in a separate account that invests in a class of the fund, but does not reflect the effect of any fees or other expenses of any variable annuity or variable life insurance product. The following fees and expenses are based on the average net assets during the fund's most recent fiscal year. To the extent that current net assets are less or greater than the average during the most recent fiscal year, total annual operating expenses for the current fiscal year may be higher or lower than the information presented.

example does not reflect the effect of any fees or other expenses of any variable annuity or variable life insurance product. If these fees and expenses were included, overall expenses would be higher. For every \$10,000 invested, here's how much a variable product owner would pay in total expenses if all interests in the separate account that invests in a class of the fund were redeemed at the end of each time period indicated:

	Initial Class	Service Class	Service Class 2
1 year	\$ 10	\$ 20	\$ 36
3 years	\$ 32	\$ 64	\$ 113
5 years	\$ 56	\$ 113	\$ 197
10 years	\$ 128	\$ 255	\$ 443

Fund Basics

Investment Details

Investment Objective

VIP Index 500 Portfolio seeks investment results that correspond to the total return of common stocks publicly traded in the United States, as represented by the S&P 500.

Principal Investment Strategies

Geode Capital Management, LLC (Geode[®]) normally invests at least 80% of the fund's assets in common stocks included in the S&P 500. The S&P 500 is a widely recognized, unmanaged index of common stock prices.

The fund may not always hold all of the same securities as the S&P 500. Geode may use statistical sampling techniques to attempt to replicate the returns of the S&P 500. Statistical sampling techniques attempt to match the investment characteristics of the index and the fund by taking into account such factors as capitalization, industry exposures, dividend yield, price/earnings (P/E) ratio, price/book (P/B) ratio, and earnings growth.

The fund may not track the index perfectly because differences between the index and the fund's portfolio can cause differences in performance. In addition, expenses and transaction costs, the size and frequency of cash flow into and out of the fund, and differences between how and when the fund and the index are valued can cause differences in performance.

In addition to the principal investment strategies discussed above, the fund may lend securities to broker-dealers or other institutions to earn income for the fund.

Geode may also use various techniques, such as buying and selling futures contracts, swaps, and exchange traded funds, to increase or decrease the fund's exposure to changing security prices or other factors that affect security values. If Geode's strategies do not work as intended, the fund may not achieve its objective.

Description of Principal Security Types

Equity securities represent an ownership interest, or the right to acquire an ownership interest, in an issuer. Different types of equity securities provide different voting and dividend rights and priority in the event of the bankruptcy of the issuer. Equity securities include common stocks, preferred stocks, convertible securities, and warrants.

Principal Investment Risks

Many factors affect the fund's performance. The fund's share price changes daily based on changes in market conditions and interest rates and in response to other economic, political, or financial developments. The fund's reaction to these developments will be affected by the types of securities in which the fund invests, the financial condition, industry and economic sector, and geographic location of an issuer, and the fund's level of investment in the securities of that issuer. When a shareholder sells shares they may be worth more or less than what the shareholder paid for them, which means that the shareholder could lose money.

The following factors can significantly affect the fund's performance:

Stock Market Volatility. The value of equity securities fluctuates in response to issuer, political, market, and economic developments. Fluctuations can be dramatic over the short as well as long term, and different parts of the market and different types of equity securities can react differently to these developments. For example, large cap stocks can react differently from small cap stocks, and "growth" stocks can react differently from "value" stocks. Issuer, political, or economic developments can affect a single issuer, issuers within an industry or economic sector or geographic region, or the market as a whole. Changes in the financial condition of a single issuer can impact the market as a whole. Terrorism and related geo-political risks have led, and may in the future lead, to increased short-term market volatility and may have adverse long-term effects on world economies and markets generally.

Issuer-Specific Changes. Changes in the financial condition of an issuer or counterparty, changes in specific economic or political conditions that affect a particular type of security or issuer, and changes in general economic or political conditions can affect a security's or instrument's value. The value of securities of smaller, less well-known issuers can be more volatile than that of larger issuers.

In response to market, economic, political, or other conditions, Geode may temporarily use a different investment strategy for defensive purposes. If Geode does so, different factors could affect the fund's performance and the fund may not achieve its investment objective.

Fundamental Investment Policies

The policy discussed below is fundamental, that is, subject to change only by shareholder approval.

VIP Index 500 Portfolio seeks investment results that correspond to the total return of common stocks publicly traded in the United States, as represented by the S&P 500.

Shareholder Notice

The following policy is subject to change only upon 60 days' prior notice to shareholders:

VIP Index 500 Portfolio normally invests at least 80% of its assets in common stocks included in the S&P 500.

Valuing Shares

The fund is open for business each day the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) is open.

A class's net asset value per share (NAV) is the value of a single share. Fidelity normally calculates each class's NAV as of the close of business of the NYSE, normally 4:00 p.m. Eastern time. The fund's assets normally are valued as of this time for the purpose of computing each class's NAV.

NAV is not calculated and the fund will not process purchase and redemption requests submitted on days when the fund is not open for business. The time at which shares are priced and until which

Fund Basics – continued

purchase and redemption orders are accepted may be changed as permitted by the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).

To the extent that the fund's assets are traded in other markets on days when the fund is not open for business, the value of the fund's assets may be affected on those days. In addition, trading in some of the fund's assets may not occur on days when the fund is open for business.

The fund's assets are valued primarily on the basis of market quotations or official closing prices. Certain short-term securities are valued on the basis of amortized cost. If market quotations or official closing prices are not readily available or do not accurately reflect fair value for a security or if a security's value has been materially affected by events occurring before the fund's pricing time but after the close of the exchange or market on which the security is principally traded, that security will be valued by another method that the Board of Trustees believes accurately reflects fair value in accordance with the Board's fair value pricing policies. For example, arbitrage opportunities may exist when trading in a portfolio security or securities is halted and does not resume before the fund calculates its NAV. These arbitrage opportunities may enable short-term traders to dilute the NAV of long-term investors. Securities trading in overseas markets present time zone arbitrage opportunities when events affecting portfolio security values occur after the close of the overseas market but prior to the close of the U.S. market. To the extent the fund invests in other open-end funds, the fund will calculate its NAV using the NAV of the underlying funds in which it invests as described in the underlying funds' prospectuses. The fund may invest in other Fidelity funds that use the same fair value pricing policies as the fund or in Fidelity money market funds. A security's valuation may differ depending on the method used for determining value. Fair valuation of a fund's portfolio securities can serve to reduce arbitrage opportunities available to short-term traders, but there is no assurance that fair value pricing policies will prevent dilution of the fund's NAV by short-term traders. While the fund has policies regarding excessive trading, these too may not be effective to prevent short-term NAV arbitrage trading, particularly in regard to omnibus accounts.

Shareholder Information

Buying and Selling Shares

Only Permitted Accounts, including separate accounts of insurance companies and qualified funds of funds that have signed the appropriate agreements with the fund, if applicable, can buy or sell shares of the fund. Insurance companies offer variable annuity and variable life insurance products through separate accounts. A qualified fund of funds is an eligible insurance-dedicated mutual fund that invests in other mutual funds.

Permitted Accounts – not variable product owners – are the shareholders of the fund. Variable product owners hold interests in separate accounts, including separate accounts that are shareholders of qualified funds of funds. The terms of the offering of interests in separate accounts are included in the variable annuity or variable life insurance product prospectus.

The fund may reject for any reason, or cancel as permitted or required by law, any purchase orders, including transactions deemed to represent excessive trading, at any time.

Excessive trading of fund shares can harm variable product owners in various ways, including reducing the returns to long-term variable product owners by increasing costs paid by the fund (such as brokerage commissions), disrupting portfolio management strategies, and diluting the value of the shares in cases in which fluctuations in markets are not fully priced into the fund's NAV.

Purchase and redemption transactions submitted to the fund by Permitted Accounts reflect the transactions of multiple variable product owners whose individual transactions are often not disclosed to the fund, making it difficult to determine whether an individual variable product owner is engaging in excessive trading. Excessive trading in Permitted Accounts is likely to go undetected by the fund and may increase costs to the fund and disrupt its portfolio management.

The Board of Trustees has adopted policies designed to discourage excessive trading of fund shares. Under these policies, insurance companies will be permitted to apply the fund's excessive trading policy (described below), or their own excessive trading policy if approved by FMR. In these cases, the fund will typically not request or receive individual account data but will rely on the insurance company to monitor trading activity in good faith in accordance with its or the fund's policies. Reliance on insurance companies increases the risk that excessive trading may go undetected. For other insurance companies, the fund will monitor trading activity at the Permitted Account level to attempt to identify disruptive trades, focusing on transactions in excess of \$250,000. The fund may request variable product owner transaction information, as frequently as daily, from any insurance company at any time, and may apply the fund's policy to such transactions exceeding \$5,000. The fund may prohibit purchases of fund shares by an insurance company or by some or all of any Permitted Accounts. FMR will apply these policies through a phased implementation. There is no assurance that FMR will request data with sufficient frequency to detect or deter excessive trading in Permitted Accounts effectively.

Under the excessive trading policy for the fund, excessive trading activity is measured by the number of roundtrip transactions in a variable product owner's account. A roundtrip transaction occurs when a variable product owner sells fund shares within 30 days of the purchase date. For purposes of the fund's policy, exchanges are treated as a sale and a purchase.

Variable product owners with two or more roundtrip transactions in a single fund within a rolling 90-day period will be blocked from making additional purchases of the fund or limited to trading by U.S. mail for 85 days. Variable product owners with four or more roundtrip transactions across all Fidelity funds within any rolling 12-month period will be blocked from making additional purchases for at least 85 days or limited to trading by U.S. mail for 12 months across all Fidelity funds. Any roundtrip within 12 months of the expiration of a multi-fund block or U.S. mail restriction will initiate another multi-fund block or a 12-month U.S. mail restriction. Repeat offenders may be subject to long-term or permanent U.S. mail restrictions on purchases in any account under the variable product owner's control at any time. In addition to enforcing these roundtrip limitations, the fund may in its discretion restrict, reject, or cancel any purchases that, in FMR's opinion, may be disruptive to the management of the fund or otherwise not be in the fund's interests. The administration and effectiveness of these sanctions will in large part depend on the rights, ability, and willingness of insurance companies to impose the sanctions.

The fund's excessive trading policy does not apply to transactions of \$5,000 or less, or transactions which have been demonstrated to the fund to be (i) systematic withdrawal and/or contribution programs, (ii) mandatory retirement distributions, (iii) transactions initiated by a retirement plan sponsor, sponsors of certain other employee benefit plans or qualified fund of fund(s), or (iv) transactions in certain company-owned accounts. A qualified fund of fund(s) must demonstrate that it has an investment strategy coupled with policies designed to control frequent trading that have been determined by the fund's Treasurer to be reasonably effective.

The fund's policies are separate from any insurance company policies and procedures applicable to variable product owner transactions. The variable annuity or variable life insurance product prospectus will contain a description of the insurance company's policies and procedures, if any, with respect to excessive trading. If you purchase or sell fund shares through an insurance company, you may wish to contact the insurance company to determine the policies applicable to your account.

The fund reserves the right at any time to restrict purchases or impose conditions that are more restrictive on excessive or disruptive trading than those stated in this prospectus. The fund's Treasurer is authorized to suspend the fund's policies during periods of severe market turbulence or national emergency. The fund reserves the right to modify its policies at any time without prior notice.

The fund does not knowingly accommodate frequent purchases and redemptions of fund shares by investors, except to the extent permitted by the policies described above.

Shareholder Information – continued

There is no assurance that the fund's excessive trading policy will be effective, or will successfully detect or deter excessive or disruptive trading.

The price to buy one share of each class is the class's NAV. Each class's shares are sold without a sales charge.

Shares will be bought at the next NAV calculated after an order is received in proper form.

The fund has authorized certain intermediaries to accept orders to buy shares on its behalf. When authorized intermediaries receive an order in proper form, the order is considered as being placed with the fund, and shares will be bought at the next NAV calculated after the order is received by the authorized intermediaries. Orders by qualified funds of funds, including mutual funds for which FMR or an affiliate serves as investment manager, will be treated as received by the fund at the same time that the corresponding orders are received in proper form by the funds of funds.

The fund may stop offering shares completely or may offer shares only on a limited basis, for a period of time or permanently.

Under applicable anti-money laundering regulations and other federal regulations, purchase orders may be suspended, restricted, or canceled and the monies may be withheld.

The price to sell one share of each class is the class's NAV.

Shares will be sold at the next NAV calculated after an order is received in proper form. Normally, redemptions will be processed by the next business day, but it may take up to seven days to pay the redemption proceeds if making immediate payment would adversely affect the fund.

The fund has authorized certain intermediaries to accept orders to sell shares on its behalf. When authorized intermediaries receive an order in proper form, the order is considered as being placed with the fund, and shares will be sold at the next NAV calculated after the order is received by the authorized intermediaries. Orders by qualified funds of funds, including mutual funds for which FMR or an affiliate serves as investment manager, will be treated as received by the fund at the same time that the corresponding orders are received in proper form by the funds of funds.

Redemptions may be suspended or payment dates postponed when the NYSE is closed (other than weekends or holidays), when trading on the NYSE is restricted, or as permitted by the SEC.

Redemption proceeds may be paid in securities or other property rather than in cash if FMR determines it is in the best interests of the fund.

Under applicable anti-money laundering regulations and other federal regulations, redemption requests may be suspended, restricted, canceled, or processed and the proceeds may be withheld.

The fund offers its shares to Permitted Accounts that may be affiliated or unaffiliated with FMR and/or each other. The fund currently does not foresee any disadvantages to variable product owners arising out of the fact that the fund offers its shares to separate

accounts of insurance companies that offer variable annuity and variable life insurance products (as well as other Permitted Accounts). Nevertheless, the Board of Trustees that oversees the fund intends to monitor events to identify any material irreconcilable conflicts that may possibly arise and to determine what action, if any, should be taken in response.

Variable product owners may be asked to provide additional information in order for Fidelity to verify their identities in accordance with requirements under anti-money laundering regulations. Accounts may be restricted and/or closed, and the monies withheld, pending verification of this information or as otherwise required under these and other federal regulations.

Dividends and Capital Gain Distributions

The fund earns dividends, interest, and other income from its investments, and distributes this income (less expenses) to shareholders as dividends. The fund also realizes capital gains from its investments, and distributes these gains (less any losses) to shareholders as capital gain distributions.

The fund normally pays dividends and capital gain distributions at least annually, in February.

Dividends and capital gain distributions will be automatically reinvested in additional shares of the same class of the fund.

Tax Consequences

Variable product owners seeking to understand the tax consequences of their investment should consult with their tax advisers or the insurance company that issued their variable product, or refer to their variable annuity or variable life insurance product prospectus.

Insurance company separate accounts generally do not pay tax on dividends or capital gain distributions from the fund.

Fund Services

Fund Management

The fund is a mutual fund, an investment that pools shareholders' money and invests it toward a specified goal.

Fidelity Management & Research Company (FMR) is the fund's manager. The address of FMR and its affiliates, unless otherwise indicated below, is 82 Devonshire Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02109.

As of December 31, 2008, FMR had approximately \$1.1 billion in discretionary assets under management.

Pursuant to an SEC exemptive order, FMR intends to act as a manager of managers, meaning that FMR has the responsibility to oversee sub-advisers and recommend their hiring, termination, and replacement. Subject to approval by the Board of Trustees but without shareholder approval, FMR may replace or hire unaffiliated sub-advisers or amend the terms of their existing sub-advisory agreements, if any. In the event of approval of a new unaffiliated sub-adviser, shareholders of the fund will be provided with information about the new sub-adviser and sub-advisory agreement within ninety days of appointment.

As the manager, FMR is responsible for handling the fund's business affairs.

Geode, at One Post Office Square, Boston, Massachusetts 02109, serves as a sub-adviser for the fund. Geode chooses the fund's investments and places orders to buy and sell the fund's investments.

As of February 27, 2009, Geode had approximately \$43.8 billion in discretionary assets under management.

FMR Co., Inc. (FMRC) serves as a sub-adviser for the fund. FMRC may provide investment advisory services for the fund.

FMRC is an affiliate of FMR. As of December 31, 2008, FMRC had approximately \$433.3 billion in discretionary assets under management.

The fund is managed by Geode, a sub-adviser to the fund. Jeffrey Adams is lead portfolio manager of the fund. Premkumar Narasimhan, Bobe Simon, and Patrick Waddell are portfolio managers of the fund, and Lou Bottari is the assistant portfolio manager of the fund.

Jeffrey Adams has been a Senior Portfolio Manager with Geode since September 2003. He has served as the lead portfolio manager of the fund since January 2004. He also acts as lead portfolio manager for other registered investment companies. Mr. Adams has oversight responsibility for all index funds managed by Geode and is responsible for quantitative research and new product development. Mr. Adams was employed by State Street Global Advisors from June 1989 to June 2003 where he served as a Portfolio Manager for over seven years before joining Geode.

Premkumar Narasimhan has been a Portfolio Manager with Geode since June 2008. He serves as a portfolio manager of the fund, which he has managed since January 2009. He also serves as a Portfolio Manager for other registered investment companies. In addition to his portfolio management responsibilities, Mr. Narasimhan is

responsible for quantitative research and new product development. Prior to joining Geode, Mr. Narasimhan was a Vice President at Morgan Stanley from 2003 to 2008.

Bobe Simon has been a Portfolio Manager with Geode since April 2005. He has served as a portfolio manager of the fund since May 2005. He also serves as a portfolio manager for other registered investment companies. In addition to his portfolio management responsibilities, Mr. Simon is responsible for quantitative research and new product development. Prior to joining Geode, Mr. Simon worked as a quantitative analyst at Putnam Investments from July 1995 to April 2005.

Patrick Waddell has been a Portfolio Manager with Geode since July 2006. He has served as a portfolio manager of the fund since July 2006, as well as for other registered investment companies. Prior to July 2006, Mr. Waddell was an Assistant Portfolio Manager with Geode and the fund since 2004. In addition to his portfolio management responsibilities, Mr. Waddell is responsible for quantitative research and new product development. Prior to joining Geode, Mr. Waddell was employed by Fidelity Investments from December 1997 to February 2004, where he worked as a Senior Portfolio Assistant for over two years.

Lou Bottari has been an Assistant Portfolio Manager with Geode since May 2008. He serves as an assistant portfolio manager of the fund, which he has managed since January 2009. He also serves as an Assistant Portfolio Manager for other registered investment companies. In addition to his portfolio management responsibilities, Mr. Bottari is responsible for quantitative research and new product development. Prior to joining Geode, Mr. Bottari was employed by Fidelity in 1991 and served as an Assistant Portfolio Manager with Pyramis Global Advisors from 2005 to 2008.

The statement of additional information (SAI) provides additional information about the compensation of, any other accounts managed by, and any fund shares held by Messrs. Adams, Narasimhan, Simon, Waddell, and Bottari.

The fund pays a management fee to FMR. The management fee is calculated and paid to FMR every month.

The fund's annual management fee rate is 0.10% of its average net assets.

FMR pays FMRC for providing sub-advisory services.

FMR pays Geode for providing investment management services.

The basis for the Board of Trustees approving the management contract and sub-advisory agreements for the fund is available in the fund's annual report for the fiscal period ended December 31, 2008.

FMR may, from time to time, agree to reimburse a class for management fees and other expenses above a specified limit. FMR retains the ability to be repaid by a class if expenses fall below the specified limit prior to the end of the fiscal year. Reimbursement arrangements, which may be discontinued by FMR at any time, can decrease a class's expenses and boost its performance.

Fund Services – continued

As of February 28, 2009, approximately 33.71% of the fund's total outstanding shares was held by FMR affiliates.

Fund Distribution

The fund is composed of multiple classes of shares. All classes of the fund have a common investment objective and investment portfolio.

Fidelity Distributors Corporation (FDC) distributes each class's shares.

Intermediaries, including insurance companies and their affiliated broker-dealers and service-providers (who may be affiliated with FMR or FDC), may receive from FMR, FDC, and/or their affiliates compensation for their services intended to result in the sale of class shares. This compensation may take the form of:

- distribution and/or service (12b-1) fees
- payments for additional distribution-related activities and/or shareholder services
- payments for educational seminars and training, including seminars sponsored by FMR or an affiliate, or by an intermediary

These payments are described in more detail on the following pages and in the SAI.

Initial Class has adopted a Distribution and Service Plan pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (1940 Act) that recognizes that FMR may use its management fee revenues, as well as its past profits or its resources from any other source, to pay FDC for expenses incurred in connection with providing services intended to result in the sale of Initial Class shares and/or support services that benefit variable product owners. FMR, directly or through FDC, may pay significant amounts to intermediaries that provide those services. Currently, the Board of Trustees of the fund has authorized such payments for Initial Class. Variable product owners should speak with their investment professionals to learn more about any payments their firms may receive from FMR, FDC, and/or their affiliates, as well as fees and/or commissions the investment professional charges. Variable product owners should also consult disclosures made by their investment professionals at the time of purchase.

Service Class has adopted a Distribution and Service Plan pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the 1940 Act. Under the plan, Service Class is authorized to pay FDC a 12b-1 (service) fee as compensation for providing support services that benefit variable product owners. Service Class may pay this 12b-1 (service) fee at an annual rate of 0.25% of its average net assets, or such lesser amount as the Trustees may determine from time to time. Service Class currently pays FDC a 12b-1 (service) fee at an annual rate of 0.10% of its average net assets throughout the month. Service Class's 12b-1 (service) fee rate may be increased only when the Trustees believe that it is in the best interests of variable product owners to do so.

Service Class 2 has adopted a Distribution and Service Plan pursuant to Rule 12b-1 under the 1940 Act. Under the plan, Service Class 2 is authorized to pay FDC a 12b-1 (service) fee as compensation for providing support services that benefit variable product owners. Service Class 2 currently pays FDC a 12b-1 (service) fee at an annual rate of 0.25% of its average net assets throughout the month.

FDC may reallocate up to the full amount of these 12b-1 (service) fees to intermediaries (such as insurance companies, broker-dealers, and other service-providers), including its affiliates, for providing support services that benefit variable product owners.

If payments made by FMR to FDC or to intermediaries under the Initial Class Distribution and Service Plan were considered to be paid out of Initial Class's assets on an ongoing basis, they might increase the cost of a shareholder's investment and might cost a shareholder more than paying other types of sales charges.

Any fees paid out of Service Class's or Service Class 2's assets on an ongoing basis pursuant to a Distribution and Service Plan will increase the cost of a shareholder's investment and may cost a shareholder more than paying other types of sales charges.

In addition, each Service Class and Service Class 2 plan specifically recognizes that FMR may make payments from its management fee revenue, past profits, or other resources to FDC for expenses incurred in connection with providing services intended to result in the sale of Service Class and Service Class 2 shares and/or support services that benefit variable product owners, including payments of significant amounts made to intermediaries that provide those services. Currently, the Board of Trustees of the fund has authorized such payments for Service Class and Service Class 2. Variable product owners should speak with their investment professionals to learn more about any payments their firms may receive from FMR, FDC, and/or their affiliates, as well as fees and/or commissions the investment professional charges. Variable product owners should also consult disclosures made by their investment professionals at the time of purchase.

No dealer, sales representative, or any other person has been authorized to give any information or to make any representations, other than those contained in this prospectus and in the related SAI, in connection with the offer contained in this prospectus. If given or made, such other information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorized by the fund or FDC. This prospectus and the related SAI do not constitute an offer by the fund or by FDC to sell shares of the fund or to buy shares of the fund from any person to whom it is unlawful to make such offer.

Appendix

Financial Highlights

The financial highlights tables are intended to help you understand each class's financial history for the past 5 years. Certain information reflects financial results for a single class share. The total returns in the table represent the rate that an investor would have

earned (or lost) on an investment in the class (assuming reinvestment of all dividends and distributions). This information has been audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP, independent registered public accounting firm, whose report, along with the fund's financial highlights and financial statements, is included in the fund's annual report. A free copy of the annual report is available upon request.

VIP Index 500 Portfolio – Initial Class					
Years ended December 31,	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
Selected Per-Share Data					
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$ 164.03	\$ 161.36	\$ 141.88	\$ 137.76	\$ 126.13
Income from Investment Operations					
Net investment income (loss) ^C	3.03	3.11	2.71	2.36	2.18 ^F
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	(63.32)	5.59	19.26	4.15	11.10
Total from investment operations	(60.29)	8.70	21.97	6.51	13.28
Distributions from net investment income	(3.07)	(6.03)	(2.49)	(2.39)	(1.65)
Distributions from net realized gain	(1.48)	—	—	—	—
Total distributions	(4.55)	(6.03)	(2.49)	(2.39)	(1.65)
Net asset value, end of period	\$ 99.19	\$ 164.03	\$ 161.36	\$ 141.88	\$ 137.76
Total Return^{A, B}	(37.00)%	5.45%	15.73%	4.82%	10.62%
Ratios to Average Net Assets^{D, G}					
Expenses before reductions	.10%	.10%	.10%	.14%	.35%
Expenses net of fee waivers, if any	.10%	.10%	.10%	.13%	.28%
Expenses net of all reductions	.10%	.10%	.10%	.13%	.28%
Net investment income (loss)	2.22%	1.86%	1.83%	1.73%	1.71%
Supplemental Data					
Net assets, end of period (000 omitted)	\$ 1,525,779	\$ 2,626,891	\$ 2,780,085	\$ 2,641,527	\$ 2,778,226
Portfolio turnover rate ^E	6%	5%	6%	7%	5%

^A Total returns do not reflect charges attributable to your insurance company's separate account. Inclusion of these charges would reduce the total returns shown.

^B Total returns would have been lower had certain expenses not been reduced during the periods shown.

^C Calculated based on average shares outstanding during the period.

^D Fees and expenses of the underlying Fidelity Central Funds are not included in the Fund's expense ratio. The Fund indirectly bears its proportionate share of the expenses of any underlying Fidelity Central Funds.

^E Amount does not include the portfolio activity of any underlying Fidelity Central Funds.

^F Investment income per share reflects a special dividend which amounted to \$.36 per share.

^G Expense ratios reflect operating expenses of the class. Expenses before reductions do not reflect amounts reimbursed by the investment adviser or reductions from brokerage service arrangements or other expense offset arrangements and do not represent the amount paid by the class during periods when reimbursements or reductions occur. Expenses net of fee waivers reflect expenses after reimbursement by the investment adviser but prior to reductions from brokerage service arrangements or other expense offset arrangements. Expenses net of all reductions represent the net expenses paid by the class.

Appendix – continued

VIP Index 500 Portfolio – Service Class					
Years ended December 31,	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
Selected Per-Share Data					
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$ 163.66	\$ 160.88	\$ 141.48	\$ 137.41	\$ 125.86
Income from Investment Operations					
Net investment income (loss) ^C	2.88	2.93	2.55	2.22	2.05 ^F
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	(63.14)	5.58	19.22	4.14	11.07
Total from investment operations	(60.26)	8.51	21.77	6.36	13.12
Distributions from net investment income	(2.93)	(5.73)	(2.37)	(2.29)	(1.57)
Distributions from net realized gain	(1.48)	—	—	—	—
Total distributions	(4.41)	(5.73)	(2.37)	(2.29)	(1.57)
Net asset value, end of period	\$ 98.99	\$ 163.66	\$ 160.88	\$ 141.48	\$ 137.41
Total Return^{A, B}	(37.07)%	5.34%	15.61%	4.71%	10.51%
Ratios to Average Net Assets^{D, G}					
Expenses before reductions	.20%	.20%	.20%	.24%	.47%
Expenses net of fee waivers, if any	.20%	.20%	.20%	.23%	.38%
Expenses net of all reductions	.20%	.20%	.20%	.23%	.38%
Net investment income (loss)	2.12%	1.76%	1.73%	1.63%	1.61%
Supplemental Data					
Net assets, end of period (000 omitted)	\$ 24,340	\$ 38,960	\$ 35,953	\$ 27,178	\$ 23,216
Portfolio turnover rate ^E	6%	5%	6%	7%	5%

^A Total returns do not reflect charges attributable to your insurance company's separate account. Inclusion of these charges would reduce the total returns shown.

^B Total returns would have been lower had certain expenses not been reduced during the periods shown.

^C Calculated based on average shares outstanding during the period.

^D Fees and expenses of the underlying Fidelity Central Funds are not included in the Fund's expense ratio. The Fund indirectly bears its proportionate share of the expenses of any underlying Fidelity Central Funds.

^E Amount does not include the portfolio activity of any underlying Fidelity Central Funds.

^F Investment income per share reflects a special dividend which amounted to \$.36 per share.

^G Expense ratios reflect operating expenses of the class. Expenses before reductions do not reflect amounts reimbursed by the investment adviser or reductions from brokerage service arrangements or other expense offset arrangements and do not represent the amount paid by the class during periods when reimbursements or reductions occur. Expenses net of fee waivers reflect expenses after reimbursement by the investment adviser but prior to reductions from brokerage service arrangements or other expense offset arrangements. Expenses net of all reductions represent the net expenses paid by the class.

VIP Index 500 Portfolio – Service Class 2

Years ended December 31,	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004
Selected Per-Share Data					
Net asset value, beginning of period	\$ 162.79	\$ 159.90	\$ 140.68	\$ 136.71	\$ 125.31
Income from Investment Operations					
Net investment income (loss) ^C	2.66	2.67	2.32	2.01	1.85 ^F
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	(62.74)	5.54	19.11	4.11	11.01
Total from investment operations	(60.08)	8.21	21.43	6.12	12.86
Distributions from net investment income	(2.73)	(5.32)	(2.21)	(2.15)	(1.46)
Distributions from net realized gain	(1.48)	—	—	—	—
Total distributions	(4.21)	(5.32)	(2.21)	(2.15)	(1.46)
Net asset value, end of period	\$ 98.50	\$ 162.79	\$ 159.90	\$ 140.68	\$ 136.71
Total Return^{A, B}	(37.16)%	5.17%	15.44%	4.55%	10.34%
Ratios to Average Net Assets^{D, G}					
Expenses before reductions	.35%	.35%	.35%	.39%	.61%
Expenses net of fee waivers, if any	.35%	.35%	.35%	.38%	.53%
Expenses net of all reductions	.35%	.35%	.35%	.38%	.53%
Net investment income (loss)	1.97%	1.61%	1.58%	1.48%	1.46%
Supplemental Data					
Net assets, end of period (000 omitted)	\$ 170,637	\$ 269,769	\$ 219,346	\$ 156,295	\$ 106,051
Portfolio turnover rate ^E	6%	5%	6%	7%	5%

^A Total returns do not reflect charges attributable to your insurance company's separate account. Inclusion of these charges would reduce the total returns shown.

^B Total returns would have been lower had certain expenses not been reduced during the periods shown.

^C Calculated based on average shares outstanding during the period.

^D Fees and expenses of the underlying Fidelity Central Funds are not included in the Fund's expense ratio. The Fund indirectly bears its proportionate share of the expenses of any underlying Fidelity Central Funds.

^E Amount does not include the portfolio activity of any underlying Fidelity Central Funds.

^F Investment income per share reflects a special dividend which amounted to \$.36 per share.

^G Expense ratios reflect operating expenses of the class. Expenses before reductions do not reflect amounts reimbursed by the investment adviser or reductions from brokerage service arrangements or other expense offset arrangements and do not represent the amount paid by the class during periods when reimbursements or reductions occur. Expenses net of fee waivers reflect expenses after reimbursement by the investment adviser but prior to reductions from brokerage service arrangements or other expense offset arrangements. Expenses net of all reductions represent the net expenses paid by the class.

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Notes

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